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ATTACHMENT A



Guiding Principles for Everyone in the School

1. Respect

I treat others the way I want to be treated I respect laws, rules, and school authority I treat people fairly and respect their rights I respect private and public property

4. Honesty

I am honest with myself and others I act with integrity I avoid spreading rumors or gossip

2. Responsibility

I take responsibility for my actions I choose how I respond to others I return what I borrow

5. Safety

I engage in safe activities
I keep my body and mind healthy
I choose only those things that are
really good for me

3. Appreciation of Differences

I look for the good in others I respect each person's right to be different I see cultural diversity as an opportunity for learning

6. Life-Long Learning

I come to school prepared to learn I give my best in everything I do I am open and alert to solutions

When you model the Guiding Principles, you

Treat others with respect
Find peaceful solutions
Listen to each other
Are drug free
Keep our school clean
Have healthy friendships
Produce my own work
Maintain honesty and integrity
Show empathy and compassion
Defend others' rights
Appreciate differences
Respect the property of others
Engage in safe activites

and you don't tolerate: Weapons
Fights, threats, and violence
Drug possession and sale
Graffiti and vandalism
Gang activity
Cheating and plagiarism
Forgery and falsification
Sexual harassment and assault
Blackmail and extortion
Prejudice and hate crimes
Robbery and stealing
Fireworks and firecrackers

Bullying and intimidation

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ATTACHMENT B

February 27, 2007



Culture of Discipline Student Expectations

- 1. Learn and follow school and classroom rules.
- 2. Solve conflicts maturely, without physical or verbal violence.
- 3. Keep a safe and clean campus that is free of graffiti, weapons, and drugs.
- 4. Be good role models and help create a positive school environment.
- 5. Report any bullying, harassment, or hate motivated incidents.
- Display good sportsmanship on both the athletic field and playground.
- 7. Attend school on time, have school books and supplies, and be prepared to learn.
- 8. Keep social activities safe and report any safety hazards.

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ATTACHMENT C

HOW TO ESTABLISH AND / OR REFINE AN EFFECTIVE SCHOOL WIDE POSITIVE BEHAVIOR SUPPORT SYSTEM

Under the auspices of the School Leadership Council, form or use an existing leadership team with an administrator and elected membership from stakeholder groups, including general and special education teachers, classified staff and parents/caregivers. The team will use the School Resource Survey (Attachment G) to identify what is in place and what might be needed at the school site. This will help to determine how to use resources to support the successful implementation of school-wide positive behavior support.

Use the steps below as an outline to guide your work.

TASKS

- 1. Post or provide an interest flyer asking for participants from among each stakeholder group (See Resource Manual: Template.) Hold stakeholder elections.
- 2. The leadership team reviews past participation in school-wide positive behavior support training such as: BEST Behavior, Safe and Civil School's "Foundations, Teaching Alternative Behaviors School-Wide, or other research-based school- wide positive behavior support system training in order to determine if additional training for the team is necessary. Training can be accessed through the Behavior Support Unit at (213) 241 8051 or utilize the list of providers for selection by the appropriate school site council. (See Resource Manual for exemplary School-Wide Positive Behavior Support system rubric and list of providers/.)
- 3. The leadership team works with the entire school community to establish a small number of positively stated rules (3-6) aligned with *A Culture of Discipline: Guiding Principles* that are differentiated for each area of the campus. These rules are to be communicated and posted throughout the school community. (Resource Manual: Examples)
- 4. The leadership team ensures that A Culture of Discipline: Guiding Principles and rules are taught, enforced, advocated and monitored throughout the school community (See Resource Manual: Lesson plan examples).
- 5. The leadership team identifies effective procedures for recognizing appropriate behavior and reinforcing students, staff and parents. (See Resource Manual: Examples)
- 6. The leadership team ensures that there are effective reactive strategies (planned responses) in place to address both minor problem behaviors and more challenging behaviors. There is a crisis plan in place. (See Resource Manual: Examples)
- 7. The leadership team ensures the effectiveness of disciplinary practices at the school through a process of monitoring and evaluation. Review of office referral data, statistics on academic achievement, suspension, expulsion, opportunity transfer, attendance, and drop-out rates, and results of interventions are used to ascertain the program's effectiveness and to plan the next steps. (See Resource Manual: Examples)

For assistance with any task, contact the Behavior Support Unit, (213) 241 8051. Source: http://www.pbis.org/schoolwide.htm#Components (modified)

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ATTACHMENT D

STUDENT TIPS

Students are one of the most important groups responsible for making the school climate safe and healthy. Students who follow school and classroom rules and encourage others to do so too, help make school a fun and pleasant place to be. Below are several tips students can use to demonstrate appropriate positive behavior at school.

- Learn and follow A Culture of Discipline: Guiding Principles for the School Community and the A Culture of Discipline: Student Expectations.
- Participate in safe activities and avoid danger.
- Be accepting of individual differences between people.
- Participate in school activities. Join clubs and sports teams at school and in your community.
- Communicate with your parents/caregivers. Let them know what is going on in your life. Introduce them to your friends and always tell them where you are going.
- Don't wait for the problem to get too big before you tell your parent or a trusted adult.
- Find a trusted adult who can mentor and support you in achieving your dreams.
- Get help when you need it. Ask questions when you don't understand.
- Treat others like you want them to treat you.
- Remember that you matter. Your ideas, thoughts and opinions are important and have value. Consider leadership opportunities.
- Get involved in your community. You can make a difference in someone's life.
- Show respect by using respectful language and actions.
- Report unsafe, unhealthy conditions and bullying to an administrator.
- Be honest. Telling the truth, keeping your word and not cheating are the best ways to show character, responsibility, and maturity. Be proud of what you achieve on your own. If it's your best, then it's the best!

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ATTACHMENT E

PARENT/CAREGIVER RESPONSIBILITIES

Parents/Caregivers and schools are partners in their children's education. In order to create safe, respectful, and welcoming schools, parent/caregiver support is needed to help children learn and follow school and classroom rules. Parents/Caregivers are the most important persons in a child's life, and have the power to influence the attitudes and behavior of their children both at home and at school. How parents handle discipline at home affects a child's behavior at school. Treat district employees and school personnel with respect and expect them to treat you and your child with respect. Review the tips below:

- Learn A Culture of Discipline: Guiding Principles for the School Community and A Culture of Discipline: Student Expectations for LAUSD. Learn the rules for your child's school and make sure you and your child understand and follow them. Let them know that you are in agreement with the rules and help them to understand the reasons for such rules.
- Involve your son or daughter in the establishment of rules in the home. Be clear about the rules, including consequences and rewards. A child should never be confused about the rules; they should be simple and clearly explained.
- Participate in your children's education, help them with homework, speak to their teachers, attend school
 functions, such as, parent conferences, classroom programs, exhibitions of student work, and PTA
 meetings.
- Use a positive approach when disciplining your children. Say, "do this" more than "don't do that." Set limits on your children's behavior. Agree with your children on the limits and make it clear what the consequences are for breaking the rules. Enforce the rewards and consequences consistently.
- Help your child develop a network of trusted adults to provide additional support when needed. If you are parenting alone, look for safe, healthy adult role models of both genders who can be mentors and supports for your child.
- Teach your child to resolve problems. Good listening skills, honest communication, and conflict resolution skills and patience will help your children be more resilient (able to bounce back from setbacks).
- Recognize your child's accomplishments and improvements. Praise them when they have accomplished something or are trying hard to make improvements.
- Help your child understand the value of accepting individual differences.
- Help your children find a way to express anger without verbal attacks or physical violence. When you get upset, take advantage of the opportunity to demonstrate the appropriate reaction and speak about the issue.
- Keep open communication with your children, even when it is difficult. Also, make sure your children tell you who they are with and where they will be at all times. Meet their friends.
- Set an example for your children. Your own behavior is the basis for establishing your expectations.
- Treat district employees and school personnel with respect and expect them to treat you and your child with respect.

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ATTACHMENT F

SCHOOL RESOURCE SURVEY

			_
3S:	Title:_		
	used as a tool to	•	
Add other sup	pport staff as app	ropriate.	
			-
			•
			•
	ass:	ass: Title:_ aic and enrichment resources assurvey is to be used as a tool to aluable effort. Add other support staff as app	SS: Title: ic and enrichment resources are available at your so survey is to be used as a tool to assess your schools raluable effort. Add other support staff as appropriate.

Created by: Kimberly West

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Career Advisor		_
College Counselor/ Advisor		_
Impact Coordinator		_
Who has these positions at your school site?		
Discipline (in charge of)		_
School Police Officer		_
School Safety Officer		_
Special Education Coordinator		_
LAPD Juvenile Officer		_
Other		_
Please check all that apply: Academic Support Programs: Contact_ Intersession Saturday School Other:	 ☐ Mentoring ☐ Parenting Education and Life Skills ☐ Extended Learning Academy 	
Behavior Support Programs: Contact □ Alternatives to Suspension □ Progressive Discipline □ Positive Behavior Support □ Referral Room	☐ Dean ☐ Classroom Management Training ☐ Progressive Parent Contact ☐ Other, please list:	
Conflict Resolution Programs: Contact_ ☐ Peacemakers ☐ Conflict Mediators/Conflict Busters ☐ Anti-bullying Program, please list:	☐ Second Step ☐ Peer counseling ☐ Other:	
Federally Mandated Violence Prevention Properties of the Interest of the Inter	rogram (teaches social-emotional skills) being taught the Second Step curriculum?Yes! ep program?YesNo ate approved violence prevention program that all you	No Do you ur students

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ATTACHMENT F (cont)

Do you have a current attendance plan at your	school? □ Yes □ No
Attendance Programs ☐ Abolish Chronic Truancy (ACT) ☐ Student Attendance Review Team (SART) ☐ Drop Out Prevention Programs (SB65)	☐ Operation Bright Future ☐ Other, please list:
Attendance Incentives □ Trips/Prizes □ Banners □ Trophies/Certificates	☐ Pencils/Prizes ☐ Assemblies/Special Events ☐ Other, please list:
Counseling/Mental Health Services □ PSW □ EBIC □ Student Intervention Specialist (AB1113) □ PSA Counselor	 ☐ Outside Agency, please list agency and days/times: ☐ Do you have an MOU? : ☐ Other, please list:
When a student is identified as having social sesteps your school takes?	ervice or mental health needs, what are the
	Yes □No
If yes, how often do they meet? ☐ Weekly ☐ 1-3 times per month	☐ Monthly☐ As needed
Do you have a Resource Coordinating Team (R (COST)? ☐ Yes ☐ No	CT)/Coordination of Services Team
How often do you meet? ☐ Weekly ☐ 1-3 times per month	☐ Monthly ☐ As needed
Resource Coordinating Team Members (please lis	t names and titles of all members)
How often does your Crisis Team Meet? Weekly 1-3 times per month Monthly As needed	Created by: Kimberly West

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ATTACHMENT F (cont)

Crisis Team Members (please list names	s and titles of all members)
Does your Crisis Team need additi	ional training from the District? ☐ Yes ☐ No
After School Programs ☐ Arnold's All Stars	☐ Youth Services
☐ Woodcraft Rangers ☐ LA's Best	☐ Healthy Start Program: ☐ Other, please list:
Special Programs	
☐ Jeopardy ☐ Mentor Program	☐ Early Mental Health Initiative (EMHI) ☐ Adopt-A-School, list:
☐ LA Bridges (Lead Agency:)
☐ Healthy Start (Coordinator:)
☐ Probation Officer☐ Project Grad	☐ Transition Services (Foster care, Probation) ☐ GEAR UP
☐ Cal-Learn	☐ Other, please list:
Do you have any additional extract If yes, what are the activities? 1	
3	6
Do you have a Parent Center? If yes, how is it utilized?	□Yes □No
☐ Parenting Classes	☐ Career Counseling
☐ ESL Classes ☐ Emergency Assistance	☐ Job Training/Placement☐ Other, please list:
Linergency Assistance	□ Otilei, piease list
Are there any programs/services y	ou would like on your campus?
How can your Local District be of a	

Created by: Kimberly West

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ATTACHMENT G

TOP TEN ALTERNATIVES TO SUSPENSION

Training will be available to assist appropriate staff in the creation of a structured, coordinated behavior plan specific to the student and based on the analysis of data, the assessment of the purpose of the target behavior to be reduced. This must focus on increasing desirable behavior and replacing inappropriate behavior.
Changes in the student's schedule, classes or course content; assignment to an alternative school or program; independent study or work experience program. Should be tailored to the student's needs.
Strategies to monitor behavior and academic progress might include progress report cards checked after each class regarding behavior, self charting of behaviors, strategies to provide feedback to the student, etc.
In-school alternative in which academic tutoring and instruction related to the student's behavior such as work in social-emotional skills, and a clearly defined procedure to return to class as soon as the student is ready is provided.
Required amount of time in community service in school system or in the community.
Students are referred for participation in group or individual counseling.
Following existing school-site visitation policy parent comes to school and provides additional support and supervision for a period or throughout the day.
Short courses or modules on topics related to social- emotional behavior, used as a disciplinary consequence, after-school or Saturday.
Financial or "in kind." Permits the student to restore or improve the school environment.
Use negotiation/problem solving approaches to assist student to identify alternatives. Develop a contract which includes reinforcers for success, & consequences for continuing problems.

Source: Reece Peterson, University of Nebraska – Lincoln & Russell Skiba, Indiana University, modified by Nancy Franklin

LOS ANGELES UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT Student Health and Human Services

BULLETIN NO. BUL-XXX ATTACHMENT H February 27, 2007 Intensive academic support **Three-Tiered** Intensive social skills teaching Targeted/ **Approach** Individual behavior management plans Intensive Parent training and collaboration Multi-agency collaboration (wrap-around) services (High-risk students) Individual Interventions Alternatives to suspension and expulsion (3-5%)Community and service learning Intensive social skills teaching Self-management programs Selected Parent training and collaboration (At-risk Students) School based adult mentors Increased academic support and practice Classroom & Small Alternatives to out-of-school suspension **Group Strategies** Community and service learning (10-20% of students) Effective Academic Support Social skills teaching Universal • Positive, proactive discipline (All Students) Teaching school behavior expectations Active supervision and monitoring **Culturally Relevant** Positive reinforcement systems • Firm, fair, and corrective discipline School-wide Systems of Support • Effective classroom management (75-85% of students) Collaboration with families Adapted from Sprague & Walker, 2004

CONSEQUENCES/SCHOOL RESPONSE REFERENCE GUIDE

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<u>ATTACHMENT I</u>

Level A: Preventive Plans Misconduct that Requires Classroom Supports

Preventive Plans

- Reinforce guiding principles
- Identify, teach and reinforce behavioral expectations, rules and social skills
- Actively supervise, monitor and provide feedback on behavior in all areas of the school
- Use firm, fair, corrective, consistent disciplinary techniques
- Identify resources at school, local district, and in the community

Examples of School-Related Misconduct

- Classroom disruption, (e.g., speaking out, out of seat).
- Occasional tardiness
- Poor team work / Incomplete work
- Harassing other students
- Inappropriate clothing for school
- Non-compliance with rules

Examples of Consequences

Use time-out, demerit, loss of privileges or points
consistently and non-emotionally assigned
With the student, develop a contract with explicit
expectations for behavior and consequences
Assign student a written apology
Call parents and alert them about behavior, eliciting
their partnership
Assign a contribution plan (i.e., contributing back to
the classroom environment)
Examples of School Response
Re-teach group expectations, routines, and
strategies, modify grouping patterns
Use systematic positive reinforcement for students
when they act appropriately
Use mentoring strategies; assign a mentor
Utilize a daily report card, involving parents and
other staff in a partnership of support
Utilize peer tutoring/counseling
Determine the function of the student's behavior and
teach replacement behavior

Level B: Preventive Plans Misconduct that Requires a Collaborative Team Response

Preventive Plans

- Work as a team, coordinating services
- Collaborate with parent/caregiver(s)
- Develop a school-based mentoring program
- Access school, local district, District, and community resources

Examples of School-Related Misconduct

- Fighting
- Excessive Tardiness / On-going defiance
- Engaging in habitual profanity or vulgarity
- Being under the influence of alcohol or drugs
- Vandalism / Graffiti / Theft /

Report to Law Enforcement.

- Bullying, Harassment, Sexual Harassment
- Truancy

Examples of Consequences

	Assign detention or in-school suspension
	Involve student in the development of individual
	behavior support plan to change behavior
	Enlist parent participation in a consistent response
	plan, e.g. daily signed behavior report
	Clean up/ Make restitution
	Loss of privileges
	Assign an out-of-school suspension
	Possible arrest
	Examples of School Response
]	Convene a Student Success Team (SST) or COST
	Parent Conference.
	Use debriefing forms to address misconduct
]	Refer to community agencies
	Assign campus responsibilities
]	Provide conflict resolution training, peer mediation,
	anger management
_ 	Encourage enrichment activities (after school clubs)
	Assign Alternatives to Suspension, including in-
	school suspension or detention
	Assign out- of- school suspension

Level C: Intervention Plans Serious Offenses with almost no Administrative Discretion

Intervention Plans

- Identify crisis intervention plan and procedures
- Identify emergency resources
- Use resources in school, local district, District, and community
- Work as a team, coordinating services
- Collaborate with parent/caregiver(s)

Examples of School-Related Misconduct

- Possessing, selling, or furnishing a firearm
- Possessing and/or Brandishing a dangerous object
- Possession of an explosive
- Selling a controlled substance
- Committing or attempting to commit a sexual assault or committing a sexual battery
- Causing or attempting to cause a serious physical injury to another.
- Robbery, Extortion

Expulsion

<u>Examples of Consequences</u> Assign out of school suspension

Possible arrest
Examples of School Response
Conduct investigation, interview all witnesses
Consult with Student Discipline Proceedings Office
Report to Law Enforcement
Conduct parent conference/pre-suspension
conference
Review suspension and expulsion bulletins for

- specifics regarding mandatory actions

 Review teacher-student-parent interaction history.
- ☐ Review social adjustment history
- ☐ Review Special Education Status
- Consult with community agencies (e.g., probation, Mental Health Centers, Children's Services).